



# Trias Chem s.r.l.

Formulazioni epossidiche e poliuretatiche - Prodotti chimici per l'industria

## Technical data sheet

Resin

RP 026UV

Hardeners

IPE 715

IPE 743

IPE 743 L

<b>100</b>	<b>Mixing ratio by weight</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>45</b>
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### Applications

Models and transparent objects.

### Processing

Mass casting on little, medium and high thicknesses depending on the hardener used. Curing at room temperature.

### Product information

Epoxy system unfilled, very high transparency. Excellent resistance to yellowing thanks to its inner UV filter.

<b>Product characteristics</b>	<b>RP 026UV</b>	<b>IPE 715</b>	<b>IPE 743</b>	<b>IPE 743 L</b>
<i>Colour</i>	light violet	colourless	colourless	colourless
<i>Viscosity at 25°C (mPas)</i>	600 – 700	35 – 65	150 – 250	150 – 250
<i>Density at 25°C (g/ml)</i>	1,09 – 1,12	0,94 – 0,97	0,99 – 1,01	0,99 – 1,01
<i>Mixing ratio by volume (ml)</i>	100	30	50	50

### System typical characteristics

Pot life (200 ml, 50 mm, 25°C)	min	30 – 40 (100 ml)	100 – 120	125 – 135
Exothermal peak (200 ml, 50 mm, 25°C)	°C	170 – 180 (100 ml)	105 – 115	50 – 60
Gel time (15 ml, 5 mm, 25°C)	h	4 – 5	15 – 18	18 – 20
Demoulding time (15 ml, 5 mm, 25°C)	h	8 – 10	18 – 22	25 – 30
Post-curing at 40°C	h	10 – 15	10 – 15	10 – 15
Maximum recommended thickness	mm	3 – 5	30 – 40	50 – 60

RT = room temperature (23±2°C)

Conversion units: 1 mPas = 1 cPs      1MN/m<sup>2</sup> = 10 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> = 1 MPa



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RP 026UV – IPE 715 / IPE 743 / IPE 743 L

## TYPICAL CURED SYSTEM PROPERTIES

(standard curing: 24h at room temperature + 15h 60°C)

Colour		light violet	light violet	light violet
Hardness Shore	D/15	80 – 85	72 – 77	70 – 75
Glass transition	°C	75 – 80	50 – 54	48 – 52

### Instructions for a proper use

Verify and, if necessary, homogenize components before use.

Mix the two components (resin and hardener) in the proper mixing ratio avoiding air trapping until an homogeneous mixture is obtained, then apply.

Prepare surface of mould with 2 or 3 applications of wax release agent (consult release agent data sheet).

### Post-curing

Post-curing is always advisable to stabilize the cured handwork to reach the best mechanical properties. Post-curing becomes necessary when the handwork is used at elevated temperatures. Post-cure the handwork increasing temperature avoiding thermal gradients over 10°C/hour. The thermal gradient and post curing time refer to standard specimens. Users should find the best conditions depending on the component size and shape. For big size components decrease the thermal gradient and increase the post-curing time; in the case of thin layer applications and composites post cure on the jig.

### Storage and handling precautions

Epoxy resins and hardeners can be stored over two years in the original sealed package in a cool and dry place. Hardeners are moisture sensitive.

Refer to the product health and safety data sheet.

first emission date: **November 8<sup>th</sup> 2010**

Information given in this publication is based on the present state of our technical knowledge. Buyers and users should make their own assessments of our products under their own applications conditions.